

## **WARNING**

**This document contains both:**

**SDS – Safety Data Sheet  
for the USA/CANADA only**

**(from pages 2 to 12)**

**MSDS – Material Safety Data Sheet  
for the rest of the world (USA/CANADA excluded)**

**(from pages 13 to 24)**

**Please discard the irrelevant pages for your own country**

# SDS

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 Identification of the product

Trade Name: **JV3D - 2D UV VARNISH - 18L**  
**JV3D - 2D UV VARNISH - 6L**

PN **9654S (18L) and 9106S (6L)**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Used for: *JETvarnish 3D Classic (18L/6L) - JETvarnish 3DL (18L) - JETvarnish 2D (6L)*

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### Manufacturer / Supplier:

MGI Digital Technology  
4, rue de la Méridienne  
94260 Fresnes  
FRANCE  
Tel.: +33 1 45 21 06 60 / Fax: +33 1 46 68 71 55  
E-mail: [info@mgi-fr.com](mailto:info@mgi-fr.com) / <http://www.mgi-fr.com>

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

CHEMTREC: +1 800 4249300  
International: +1 703 5273887

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin irritation cat 2	H315
Eye irritation cat 2	H319
Sensitization skin cat 1B	H317
Carcinogenicity cat 2	H351
Reproductive toxicity cat 1B	H360Fd
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 1	H410

#### 2.2 Label element

##### Hazard pictograms



GHS07



GHS08



GHS09

**Signal word:** Danger

##### Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction  
H351 Suspected of causing cancer  
H360Fd May damage fertility and suspected of damaging the unborn child

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P405 Store locked up.  
P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national / international regulations.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P391 Collect spillage.

#### Intervention

P302+P352 If on skin: wash with plenty of water.  
P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.  
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No	GHS Classification	Quantity
Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	75980-60-8	Sensitization skin cat 1B H317 Reproductive toxicity cat 1B H360Fd Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 2 H411	1-2,9%
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	15625-89-5	Skin irritation cat 2 H315 Eye irritation cat 2 H319 Sensitization skin cat 1B H317 Carcinogenicity cat 2 H351 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 1 H410	15-25%
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	56641-05-5	Sensitization skin cat 1B H317 Reproductive toxicity cat 2 H361d Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 3 H412	10-20%
Acrylate monomers	Proprietary	Acute toxicity (inhalation) cat 4 H332 Skin irritation cat 2 H315 Eye irritation cat 2H319 Sensitization skin cat 1B H317 Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure cat 3 H335 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 1 H410	45-70%
Acrylate polymers	Proprietary	/	5-10%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Skin Contact:** Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes. Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash skin with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.

**Eye Contact:** Wash open eyes immediately, abundantly and thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Seek advice of an ophthalmologist if necessary.

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air.

**Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Consult a physician if necessary.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See section 11 for additional information on health hazards.

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

See section 11 for additional information on health hazards.

### **5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed (Carbon oxides).

#### **5.3 Advice for firefighter**

**Special firefighting procedures:** No data available.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:** Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions:**

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

#### **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**

Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent.

#### **6.4 Reference to other sections**

See Section 7 for handling

See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment.

See Section 13 for waste disposal.

### **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using material.

#### **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store between 15°C and 30°C max (59-86°F) and in original container. Protect from frost, heat and sunlight (risk of polymerization). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Make sure of the presence of air and inhibitor in the drums. In addition, the product's inhibitor(s) require the presence of dissolved oxygen. An air space is required above the liquid in all containers; avoid storage under an oxygen-free atmosphere. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### **7.3 Specific end use(s)**

Reserved for industrial and professional use

### **8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **8.1 Control parameters**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

#### **8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls:**

Provide adequate ventilation.

**Personal protective equipment:**



Safety glasses



Gloves

**Respiratory protection:** In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator.

**Hand protection:** Protective gloves should be used if there is a risk of direct contact or splash. Chemical resistant gloves required for prolonged or repeated contact. Nitrile gloves are recommended but be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

**Eye/face protection:** Safety glasses with side-shields. Do not wear contact lenses.

**Skin and body protection:** Long sleeved clothing

**Environmental exposure controls:**

See Section 6

## **9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### **9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

**Appearance:**

**Physical state (20°C):** Liquid

**Color:** Colorless to yellow

**Odor:** Sweetish

**Olfactory threshold:** No data available.

**pH:** Not applicable.

**Melting point / range:** No data available.

**Boiling point / range:** No data available.

**Flash point:** > 110°C (212°F)

**Evaporation rate:** No data available.

**Flammability (solid, gas):** Not applicable.

**Vapor pressure:** No data available.

**Vapor density:** No data available.

**Density:** >1

**Water solubility:** Insoluble

**Auto-ignition temperature:** No data available.

**Decomposition temperature:** No data available.

**Viscosity:** 15-25mPa.s; 25 °C

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### **10.1 Reactivity**

No data available.

### **10.2 Chemical stability**

The product is stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

### **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reaction**

Polymerization may occur. It is exothermic and can degenerate into an uncontrolled reaction.

### **10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Avoid exposure to strong UV sources and to sunlight. Avoid direct contact with heat sources.

### **10.5 Incompatible materials**

Materials to avoid: acids, bases, oxidizing agents and reducing agents.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Formation of toxic products through combustion: carbon oxides.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Suspected of causing cancer

May damage fertility et suspected of damaging the unborn child

#### Acute toxicity:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Oral:</u> LD50 / Rat: > 5000mg/kg <u>Dermal:</u> LD50 / Rat: > 2000mg/kg <u>Inhalation:</u> No data available
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Oral:</u> LD50 / Rat: > 5000mg/kg <u>Dermal:</u> LD50 / Rabbit: 5170mg/kg <u>Inhalation:</u> LC50 / 6h / Rat > 0,55 mg/L
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Oral:</u> No data available <u>Dermal:</u> No data available <u>Inhalation:</u> No data available
Acrylate monomers	<u>Oral:</u> Slightly or not harmful by ingestion No mortality / Rat: 2000mg/kg (Method: OECD Test 423) <u>Dermal:</u> Slightly or not harmful in contact with skin No mortality / Rat: 2000mg/kg (Method: OECD Test 402) <u>Inhalation:</u> Harmful if inhaled LC50 4h / Rat: 1-5mg/l (Method: OECD Test 436; Aerosol)

#### Local effects (Corrosion / Irritation / Serious eye damage):

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Skin contact:</u> Non-irritant (Rabbit; Dermal; 0,5g; Exposure time: 4 hours) <u>Eyes contact:</u> Non-irritant (Rabbit; Eye; 0,056g; Exposure time: 5 days)
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Skin contact:</u> Irritant. (Method: OECD Test 404; Rabbit; Exposure time: 4h) <u>Eyes contact:</u> Irritant (Method: OECD Test 405; Rabbit; Exposure time: 7d)
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Skin contact:</u> Non-irritant (Rabbit) <u>Eyes contact:</u> Non-irritant (Rabbit)
Acrylate monomers	<u>Skin contact:</u> Causes skin irritation (Method: OECD Test 439; In vitro) <u>Eyes contact:</u> Causes serious eye irritation (Method: OECD Test 405; Rabbit)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available <u>Skin contact:</u> May cause sensitization by skin contact (Method: OECD Test 429; Local Lymph Node Assay; Dermal; Mouse)
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available <u>Skin contact:</u> Sensitizing (Human evidence)
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available. <u>Skin contact:</u> Causes sensitization
Acrylate monomers	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available <u>Skin contact:</u> Strong skin sensitizer (Method: OECD Test 429: Local Lymph Node Assay; Mouse)

**CMR effects:**

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide

Mutagenicity:

- In vitro:  
Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test: Negative (Method: OECD Test 471)  
In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test: Negative (Method: OECD Test 473)

- In vivo: No data available.

Carcinogenicity: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity:

NOAEL (Parental toxicity): 200mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 421; Rat)

NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): 150mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 414; Rat)

NOAEL (Reproductive toxicity): 60mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 421; Rat)

NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): 200mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 421; Rat)

Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate

Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

- In vitro:  
Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test: Negative (Method: OECD Test 471)

- In vivo:  
Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test: Negative (Method: OECD Test 474)

Carcinogenicity: Contains a known or suspected carcinogen.

Classification based on data available for ingredients. Suspected of causing cancer.

NOAEL (Carcinogenicity): >3mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 451; Mouse)

Reproductive toxicity: Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin. Classification based on data available for ingredients.

NOAEL (Reproduction /Developmental Toxicity): 300mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 422; Rat)

NOAEL (Pre-natal Development Toxicity): >130mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 414; Rabbit)

Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate

Mutagenicity:

- In vitro:  
Ames test in vitro: No data available

- In vivo: No data available

Carcinogenicity: No data available

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child and fertility

Acrylate monomers

Mutagenicity: Results from tests do not lead to considering the product as genotoxic

- In vitro:  
Ames test in vitro: Inactive (Method: OECD Test 471)

In vitro gene mutations test on mammalian cells: Inactive (Method: OECD Test 476)

In vitro mammalian cell micronucleus test: Inactive (Method: OECD Test 487)

- In vivo: No data available

Carcinogenicity: No data available

Reproductive toxicity:

- Fertility: No data available

- Foetal development: Based on the available data, the substance is not suspected of having developmental toxicity potential

Embryo-foetal development: Absence of toxic effects for foetal development

NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): > 1000mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 414; Rat; By oral route)



NOAEL (Maternal Toxicity): 300mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 414, Rat, by oral route)

#### Specific target organ toxicity:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Single exposure</u> : No data available <u>Repeated exposure</u> : NOAEL: 100mg/kg bw/day (Method OECD Test 408; Rat; Oral)
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Single exposure</u> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. <u>Repeated exposure</u> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. By oral route; NOAEL: 300mg/kg (Method: OECD Test 422; Rat; 28 days)
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Single exposure</u> : No data available <u>Repeated exposure</u> : No data available
Acrylate monomers	<u>Single exposure</u> : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation Exposure routes: Inhalation; Target Organs: Respiratory Tract • Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation <u>Repeated exposure</u> : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure By oral route: No specific toxic effects; NOAEL: >300mg/kg (Method: OECD Test 408; Rat; 90 days)

#### Aspiration hazard:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	Not applicable
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	Not applicable
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	Not applicable
Acrylate monomers	Not applicable

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Acute toxicity:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Fish</u> : LC50; 96h Cyprinus carpio: 1,4mg/L <u>Aquatic invertebrates</u> : EC50; 48h; Daphnia magna: 3,53mg/L <u>Aquatic plants</u> : EC50; 72h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 2,01mg/L EC10; 72h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1,56 mg/L <u>Microorganisms</u> : EC50; 3h; Activated sludge: > 1000mg/L
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Fish</u> : LC50; 96h; Danio rerio: 0,87mg/L <u>Aquatic invertebrates</u> : LC50; 48h; Daphnia magna: 19,9mg/L <u>Aquatic plants</u> : EC10; 72h; Desmodesmus subspicatus: 1,9mg/L EC50; 72h; Desmodesmus subspicatus: 18,8mg/L <u>Microorganisms</u> : EC20; 30min; Activated sludge: 62mg/L
Ethoxylated	<u>Fish</u> :



Phenol Acrylate	LC50; 96h; Leuciscus idus: 10mg/L <u>Aquatic invertebrates:</u> EC50; 48h; Daphnia magna: 1,21mg/L <u>Aquatic plants:</u> ErC50; 72h; Desmodesmus subspicatus: 4,4mg/L (Method: OECD Test 201)
Acrylate monomers	<u>Fish:</u> Toxic to fish LC50; 96h; Danio rerio (zebra fish): 1,23mg/L (Method: OECD Test 203) <u>Aquatic invertebrates:</u> Harmful to daphnia EC50; 48h; Daphnia magna (Water flea): 12,79mg/L (Method: OECD Test 202) <u>Aquatic plants:</u> Toxic to algae ErC50; 72h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1,4mg/L (Method: OECD Test 201) <u>Microorganisms:</u> NOEC; 14d; Activated sludge: > 100mg/l (Respiration inhibition)

#### Long term toxicity:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	No data available
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Fish:</u> NOEC; 96h; Danio rerio: 0,89mg/L
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	No data available
Acrylate monomers	<u>Fish:</u> NOEC; 39d; Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka): 0,072mg/L (Method: OECD Test 210) <u>Aquatic invertebrates:</u> NOEC; 21d; Daphnia magna (Water flea): 0,14mg/L (Method: OECD Test 211) <u>Aquatic plants:</u> NOECr, 72h; Selenastrum capricornutum: 0,9mg/L (Method: OECD Test 201)

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Biodegradation (in water):</u> Not readily biodegradable 0-10% after 28 days (Method: OECD Test 301 F)
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Biodegradation (in water):</u> Readily biodegradable 82-90% after 28 days (Method: OECD Test 301)
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	No data available
Acrylate monomers	<u>Biodegradation (in water):</u> Readily biodegradable 60-70% after 28 days (Method: OECD Test 310)

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Bioaccumulation:</u> Partition coefficient: 3,1
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Bioaccumulation:</u> Partition coefficient: 4.35
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Bioaccumulation:</u> Partition coefficient: 2,58
Acrylate monomers	<u>Bioaccumulation:</u> Low potential to bioaccumulate Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Kow: 2,81; 25°C (Method: OECD Test 107)

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)	<u>Vapor pressure:</u> 0Pa; 25°C <u>Absorption / desorption:</u> log Koc: 784,8
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phosphine oxide	
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Vapor pressure</u> : No information available. <u>Absorption / desorption</u> : No information available.
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	No data available
Acrylate monomers	<u>Vapor pressure</u> : 0,0006hPa; 20°C (Method: OECD Test 104) <u>Absorption / desorption</u> : log Koc: 2,1 (Method: calculated)

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	No data available
Acrylate monomers	The substance is not PBT / vPvB

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	No data available
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	No information available
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	No data available
Acrylate monomers	None known

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Waste from residues/unused products:** Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws.

**Contaminated Packaging:** Do not reuse empty containers and dispose of in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws.

**EPA Hazardous Waste Codes:** Not applicable

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### 14.1 UN Number

**DOT / IMDG / IATA:** UN3082

**Hazchem Code:** •3Z

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

**DOT / IATA:** Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, N.O.S. (Acrylate monomers)

**IMDG:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acrylate monomers)

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

DOT / IMDG:

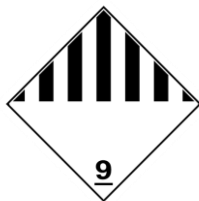
Class: 9

Label: 9

IATA:

Class: 9

Label: 9 Miscellaneous



#### 14.4 Packing group

DOT / IMDG / IATA: III

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards:

DOT / IMDG:

Marine pollutant: Yes

IATA:

Environmentally hazardous: Yes



#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### US Federal Regulations

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D): None

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): None

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4): None

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances: None

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notifications: None

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical: None

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting): None

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3): None

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 111 SOCM I Intermediate or Final Volatile Organic Compounds (40 CFR 60.489): None

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112, 1990 Amendments, Statutory Hazardous Air Pollutants: None

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(i) High-Risk Hazardous Air Pollutants (40 CFR 63.74): None

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130): None

#### US State Regulations

California Proposition 65: None

New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: None

Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: None

Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances: None

Rhode Island RTK: None

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

The data are based on the current state of our knowledge, and are intended to describe the product with regard to the requirements of safety. The data should not be taken to imply any guarantee of a particular or general specification. It is the responsibility of the user of the product to ensure to his satisfaction that the product is suitable for the intended purpose and method to use. We do not accept responsibility for any harm caused by the use of this information. Furthermore, nothing contained herein shall be construed as a recommendation to use any product in conflict with existing patents covering any material or its use. In all cases, our general conditions of sale apply.

### **Update**

Version 1: 23/03/2018

Version 2: 14/11/2018

Version 3: 20/03/2020

Version 4: 19/07/2021

Version 5: 02/05/2022

Version 6: 17/06/2022

Version 7: 01/09/2022

Version 8: 01/07/2024

Version 9: 19/05/2025

# MSDS

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Directive (CE) 1907/2006

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 Identification of the product

Trade Name: **JV3D - 2D UV VARNISH - 18L**  
**JV3D - 2D UV VARNISH - 6L**

PN **9654S (18L) and 9106S (6L)**

UFI: 6U00-N0CM-K00J-SNDM

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Used for: *JETvarnish 3D Classic (18L/6L) - JETvarnish 3DL (18L) - JETvarnish 2D (6L)*

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### Manufacturer / Supplier:

MGI Digital Technology  
4, rue de la Méridienne  
94260 Fresnes  
FRANCE  
Tel.: +33 1 45 21 06 60 / Fax: +33 1 46 68 71 55  
E-mail: [info@mgi-fr.com](mailto:info@mgi-fr.com) / <http://www.mgi-fr.com>

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

ORFILA: +33 1 45 42 59 59

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin irritation cat 2	H315
Eye irritation cat 2	H319
Sensitization skin cat 1B	H317
Carcinogenicity cat 2	H351
Reproductive toxicity cat 1B	H360Fd
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 1	H410

#### 2.2 Label element

##### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

##### Hazard pictograms



GHS07



GHS08



GHS09

Signal word: Danger

### Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction  
H351 Suspected of causing cancer  
H360Fd May damage fertility and suspected of damaging the unborn child  
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P405 Store locked up.  
P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national / international regulations.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P391 Collect spillage.

#### Intervention

P302+P352 If on skin: wash with plenty of water.  
P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.  
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No	CLP Classification	Quantity
Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	75980-60-8	Sensitization skin cat 1B H317 Reproductive toxicity cat 1B H360Fd Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 2 H411	1-2,9%
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	15625-89-5	Skin irritation cat 2 H315 Eye irritation cat 2 H319 Sensitization skin cat 1B H317 Carcinogenicity cat 2 H351 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 1 H410	15-25%
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	56641-05-5	Sensitization skin cat 1B H317 Reproductive toxicity cat 2 H361d Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 3 H412	10-20%
Acrylate monomers	Proprietary	Acute toxicity (inhalation) cat 4 H332 Skin irritation cat 2 H315 Eye irritation cat 2H319 Sensitization skin cat 1B H317 Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure cat 3 H335 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 1 H410	45-70%
Acrylate polymers	Proprietary	/	5-10%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Skin Contact:** Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes. Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash skin with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.

**Eye Contact:** Wash open eyes immediately, abundantly and thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Seek advice of an ophthalmologist if necessary.

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air.

**Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Consult a physician if necessary.

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

See section 11 for additional information on health hazards.

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

See section 11 for additional information on health hazards.

### **5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed (Carbon oxides).

#### **5.3 Advice for firefighter**

**Special firefighting procedures:** No data available.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:** Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions:**

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

#### **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**

Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent.

#### **6.4 Reference to other sections**

See Section 7 for handling

See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment.

See Section 13 for waste disposal.

### **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using material.

#### **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store between 15°C and 30°C max (59-86°F) and in original container. Protect from frost, heat and sunlight (risk of polymerization). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Make sure of the presence of air and inhibitor in the drums. In addition, the product's inhibitor(s) require the presence of dissolved oxygen. An air space is required above the liquid in all containers; avoid storage under an oxygen-free atmosphere. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### **7.3 Specific end use(s)**

Reserved for industrial and professional use



## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### DNEL-Values

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	Workers	<u>Inhalation:</u> 0,822mg/m <sup>3</sup> <u>Dermal:</u> 0,233mg/kg bw/day
	General population	<u>Inhalation:</u> 0,145mg/m <sup>3</sup> <u>Oral:</u> 0,0833mg/kg bw/day <u>Dermal:</u> 0,0833mg/kg bw/day
	General population	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available <u>Oral:</u> No data available <u>Dermal:</u> No data available
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	Workers	<u>Inhalation:</u> 3,5mg/m <sup>3</sup> <u>Dermal:</u> 83mg/kg
	General population	<u>Inhalation:</u> 0,87mg/m <sup>3</sup> <u>Oral:</u> 0,5mg/kg <u>Dermal:</u> 42mg/kg
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	Workers	<u>Inhalation:</u> 12mg/m <sup>3</sup> <u>Dermal:</u> 3,5mg/kg
	General population	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available <u>Oral:</u> No data available <u>Dermal:</u> No data available
Acrylate monomers	Workers	<u>Inhalation:</u> 14,81mg/m <sup>3</sup> <u>Dermal:</u> 42mg/kg
	General population	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available <u>Oral:</u> No data available <u>Dermal:</u> No data available

#### PNEC-Values

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Fresh water:</u> 1,4µg/L <u>Water (Intermittent release):</u> 14µg/L <u>Marine water:</u> 0,14µg/L <u>Effects on waste water treatment plants:</u> No data available <u>Fresh water sediment:</u> 0,115mg/kg <u>Marine sediment:</u> 0,0115mg/kg <u>Soil:</u> 0,0222mg/kg
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Fresh water:</u> 0,00087mg/L <u>Marine water:</u> 0,000087mg/L <u>Microorganisms in sewage treatment:</u> 6,25mg/L <u>Fresh water sediment:</u> 0,017mg/kg <u>Marine sediment:</u> 0,002mg/kg <u>Soil:</u> 0,003mg/kg <u>Food chain:</u> 10mg/kg
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Fresh water:</u> 2µg/L <u>Water (Intermittent release):</u> 0,0121mg/L <u>Marine water:</u> 0,2µg/L <u>Effects on waste water treatment plants:</u> 1,77mg/L <u>Fresh water sediment:</u> 0,02mg/kg <u>Marine sediment:</u> 0,002mg/kg <u>Soil:</u> 0,006mg/kg
Acrylate monomers	<u>Fresh water:</u> 0,005mg/L <u>Water (Intermittent release):</u> 0,012mg/L <u>Marine water:</u> 0,001mg/L <u>Effects on waste water treatment plants:</u> 10mg/L <u>Fresh water sediment:</u> 0,138mg/kg dw <u>Marine sediment:</u> 0,014mg/kg dw <u>Soil:</u> No data available

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls:

Provide adequate ventilation.

### Personal protective equipment:



Safety glasses



Gloves

**Respiratory protection:** In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator.

**Hand protection:** Protective gloves should be used if there is a risk of direct contact or splash. Chemical resistant gloves required for prolonged or repeated contact. Nitrile gloves are recommended but be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

**Eye/face protection:** Safety glasses with side-shields. Do not wear contact lenses.

**Skin and body protection:** Long sleeved clothing

### Environmental exposure controls:

See Section 6

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance:

*Physical state (20°C):* Liquid

*Color:* Colorless to yellow

*Odor:* Sweetish

**Olfactory threshold:** No data available.

**pH:** Not applicable.

**Melting point / range:** No data available.

**Boiling point / range:** No data available.

**Flash point:** > 110°C (212°F)

**Evaporation rate:** No data available.

**Flammability (solid, gas):** Not applicable.

**Vapor pressure:** No data available.

**Vapor density:** No data available.

**Density:** >1

**Water solubility:** Insoluble

**Auto-ignition temperature:** No data available.

**Decomposition temperature:** No data available.

**Viscosity:** 15-25mPa.s; 25 °C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reaction

Polymerization may occur. It is exothermic and can degenerate into an uncontrolled reaction.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid exposure to strong UV sources and to sunlight. Avoid direct contact with heat sources.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: acids, bases, oxidizing agents and reducing agents.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Formation of toxic products through combustion: carbon oxides.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Suspected of causing cancer

May damage fertility and suspected of damaging the unborn child

### Acute toxicity:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Oral:</u> LD50 / Rat: > 5000mg/kg <u>Dermal:</u> LD50 / Rat: > 2000mg/kg <u>Inhalation:</u> No data available
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Oral:</u> LD50 / Rat: > 5000mg/kg <u>Dermal:</u> LD50 / Rabbit: 5170mg/kg <u>Inhalation:</u> LC50 / 6h / Rat > 0,55 mg/L
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Oral:</u> No data available <u>Dermal:</u> No data available <u>Inhalation:</u> No data available
Acrylate monomers	<u>Oral:</u> Slightly or not harmful by ingestion No mortality / Rat: 2000mg/kg (Method: OECD Test 423) <u>Dermal:</u> Slightly or not harmful in contact with skin No mortality / Rat: 2000mg/kg (Method: OECD Test 402) <u>Inhalation:</u> Harmful if inhaled LC50 4h / Rat: 1-5mg/l (Method: OECD Test 436; Aerosol)

### Local effects (Corrosion / Irritation / Serious eye damage):

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Skin contact:</u> Non-irritant (Rabbit; Dermal; 0,5g; Exposure time: 4 hours) <u>Eyes contact:</u> Non-irritant (Rabbit; Eye; 0,056g; Exposure time: 5 days)
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Skin contact:</u> Irritant. (Method: OECD Test 404; Rabbit; Exposure time: 4h) <u>Eyes contact:</u> Irritant (Method: OECD Test 405; Rabbit; Exposure time: 7d)
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Skin contact:</u> Non-irritant (Rabbit) <u>Eyes contact:</u> Non-irritant(Rabbit)
Acrylate monomers	<u>Skin contact:</u> Causes skin irritation (Method: OECD Test 439; In vitro) <u>Eyes contact:</u> Causes serious eye irritation (Method: OECD Test 405; Rabbit)

### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available <u>Skin contact:</u> May cause sensitization by skin contact (Method: OECD Test 429; Local Lymph Node Assay; Dermal; Mouse)
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available <u>Skin contact:</u> Sensitizing (Human evidence)
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available. <u>Skin contact:</u> Causes sensitization
Acrylate	<u>Inhalation:</u> No data available

monomers	<u>Skin contact:</u> Strong skin sensitizer (Method: OECD Test 429: Local Lymph Node Assay; Mouse)
<b>CMR effects:</b>	
Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<p><u>Mutagenicity:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In vitro: Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test: Negative (Method: OECD Test 471) In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test: Negative (Method: OECD Test 473)</li> <li>In vivo: No data available.</li> </ul> <p><u>Carcinogenicity:</u> No data available.</p> <p><u>Reproductive toxicity:</u> NOAEL (Parental toxicity): 200mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 421; Rat) NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): 150mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 414; Rat) NOAEL (Reproductive toxicity): 60mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 421; Rat) NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): 200mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 421; Rat)</p>
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<p><u>Mutagenicity:</u> Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In vitro: Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test: Negative (Method: OECD Test 471)</li> <li>In vivo: Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test: Negative (Method: OECD Test 474)</li> </ul> <p><u>Carcinogenicity:</u> Contains a known or suspected carcinogen. Classification based on data available for ingredients. Suspected of causing cancer. NOAEL (Carcinogenicity): &gt;3mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 451; Mouse)</p> <p><u>Reproductive toxicity:</u> Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin. Classification based on data available for ingredients. NOAEL (Reproduction /Developmental Toxicity): 300mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 422; Rat) NOAEL (Pre-natal Development Toxicity): &gt;130mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 414; Rabbit)</p>
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<p><u>Mutagenicity:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In vitro: Ames test in vitro: No data available</li> <li>In vivo: No data available</li> </ul> <p><u>Carcinogenicity:</u> No data available</p> <p><u>Reproductive toxicity:</u> Suspected of damaging the unborn child and fertility</p>
Acrylate monomers	<p><u>Mutagenicity:</u> Results from tests do not lead to considering the product as genotoxic</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In vitro: Ames test in vitro: Inactive (Method: OECD Test 471) In vitro gene mutations test on mammalian cells: Inactive (Method: OECD Test 476) In vitro mammalian cell micronucleus test: Inactive (Method: OECD Test 487)</li> <li>In vivo: No data available</li> </ul> <p><u>Carcinogenicity:</u> No data available</p> <p><u>Reproductive toxicity:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fertility: No data available</li> <li>Foetal development: Based on the available data, the substance is not suspected of having developmental toxicity potential</li> </ul> <p>Embryo-foetal development: Absence of toxic effects for foetal</p>

development  
NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): > 1000mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 414; Rat; By oral route)  
NOAEL (Maternal Toxicity): 300mg/kg bw/day (Method: OECD Test 414, Rat, by oral route)

#### Specific target organ toxicity:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Single exposure</u> : No data available <u>Repeated exposure</u> : NOAEL: 100mg/kg bw/day (Method OECD Test 408; Rat; Oral)
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Single exposure</u> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. <u>Repeated exposure</u> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. By oral route; NOAEL: 300mg/kg (Method: OECD Test 422; Rat; 28 days)
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Single exposure</u> : No data available <u>Repeated exposure</u> : No data available
Acrylate monomers	<u>Single exposure</u> : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation Exposure routes: Inhalation; Target Organs: Respiratory Tract • Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation <u>Repeated exposure</u> : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure By oral route: No specific toxic effects; NOAEL: >300mg/kg (Method: OECD Test 408; Rat; 90 days)

#### Aspiration hazard:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	Not applicable
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	Not applicable
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	Not applicable
Acrylate monomers	Not applicable

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Acute toxicity:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Fish</u> : LC50; 96h Cyprinus carpio: 1,4mg/L <u>Aquatic invertebrates</u> : EC50; 48h; Daphnia magna: 3,53mg/L <u>Aquatic plants</u> : EC50; 72h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 2,01mg/L EC10; 72h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1,56 mg/L <u>Microorganisms</u> : EC50; 3h; Activated sludge: > 1000mg/L
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Fish</u> : LC50; 96h; Danio rerio: 0,87mg/L <u>Aquatic invertebrates</u> : LC50; 48h; Daphnia magna: 19,9mg/L <u>Aquatic plants</u> : EC10; 72h; Desmodesmus subspicatus: 1,9mg/L EC50; 72h; Desmodesmus subspicatus: 18,8mg/L

	<u>Microorganisms:</u> EC20; 30min; Activated sludge: 62mg/L
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Fish:</u> LC50; 96h; Leuciscus idus: 10mg/L <u>Aquatic invertebrates:</u> EC50; 48h; Daphnia magna: 1,21mg/L <u>Aquatic plants:</u> ErC50; 72h; Desmodemus subspicatus: 4,4mg/L (Method: OECD Test 201)
Acrylate monomers	<u>Fish:</u> Toxic to fish LC50; 96h; Danio rerio (zebra fish): 1,23mg/L (Method: OECD Test 203) <u>Aquatic invertebrates:</u> Harmful to daphnia EC50; 48h; Daphnia magna (Water flea): 12,79mg/L (Method: OECD Test 202) <u>Aquatic plants:</u> Toxic to algae ErC50; 72h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1,4mg/L (Method: OECD Test 201) <u>Microorganisms:</u> NOEC; 14d; Activated sludge: > 100mg/l (Respiration inhibition)

#### Long term toxicity:

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	No data available
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Fish:</u> NOEC; 96h; Danio rerio: 0,89mg/L
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	No data available
Acrylate monomers	<u>Fish:</u> NOEC; 39d; Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka): 0,072mg/L (Method: OECD Test 210) <u>Aquatic invertebrates:</u> NOEC; 21d; Daphnia magna (Water flea): 0,14mg/L (Method: OECD Test 211) <u>Aquatic plants:</u> NOECr, 72h; Selenastrum capricornutum: 0,9mg/L (Method: OECD Test 201)

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Biodegradation (in water):</u> Not readily biodegradable 0-10% after 28 days (Method: OECD Test 301 F)
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Biodegradation (in water):</u> Readily biodegradable 82-90% after 28 days (Method: OECD Test 301)
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	No data available
Acrylate monomers	<u>Biodegradation (in water):</u> Readily biodegradable 60-70% after 28 days (Method: OECD Test 310)

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Bioaccumulation:</u> Partition coefficient: 3,1
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Bioaccumulation:</u> Partition coefficient: 4.35
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	<u>Bioaccumulation:</u> Partition coefficient: 2,58
Acrylate monomers	<u>Bioaccumulation:</u> Low potential to bioaccumulate Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Kow: 2,81; 25°C (Method: OECD Test 107)



#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	<u>Vapor pressure</u> : 0Pa; 25°C <u>Absorption / desorption</u> : log Koc: 784,8
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	<u>Vapor pressure</u> : No information available. <u>Absorption / desorption</u> : No information available.
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	No data available
Acrylate monomers	<u>Vapor pressure</u> : 0,0006hPa; 20°C (Method: OECD Test 104) <u>Absorption / desorption</u> : log Koc: 2,1 (Method: calculated)

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	No data available
Acrylate monomers	The substance is not PBT / vPvB

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	No data available
Trimethylolpropane Triacrylate	No information available
Ethoxylated Phenol Acrylate	No data available
Acrylate monomers	None known

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Products:** Do not release into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging:** Do not reuse empty containers and dispose of in accordance with local environmental control laws.

**European Waste Key (EWK)/ European Waste Catalogue (EWC):** 08 03 12\*

(\*Hazardous waste)

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### 14.1 UN Number

**ADR / IMDG / IATA:** UN3082

**Hazchem Code:** •3Z

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

**ADR:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acrylate monomers)

**IMDG:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acrylate monomers)

**IATA:** Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, N.O.S. (Acrylate monomers)



#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / IMDG:

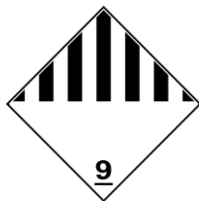
Class: 9

Label: 9

IATA:

Class: 9

Label: 9 Miscellaneous



#### 14.4 Packing group

ADR / IMDG / IATA: III

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards:

IMDG:

Marine pollutant: Yes

ADR / IATA:

Environmentally hazardous: Yes



#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 2037/2000 Substances that deplete the ozone layer: None

Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants: None

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 Import and export of dangerous chemicals: None

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended: None

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use: Yes

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide (75980-60-8)

Use restricted. See entry 75.

Directive 92/85/EEC: on the safety and health of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breast feeding

Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work: None

Directive 96/82/EC (Seveso III): on the control of major accident hazards involving dangerous substances: None

EU. Regulation No. 166/2006 PRTR (Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry), Annex II: Pollutants: None

Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work: None

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

No substance-related safety assessment is necessary / has been conducted for this product.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

CLP Classification	Method used for classification
Skin irritation cat 2 <b>H315</b>	Calculation method
Eye irritation cat 2 <b>H319</b>	Calculation method
Sensitization skin cat 1B <b>H317</b>	Calculation method
Carcinogenicity cat 2 <b>H351</b>	Calculation method
Reproductive toxicity cat 1B <b>H360Fd</b>	Calculation method
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term hazard cat 1 <b>H410</b>	Calculation method

The data are based on the current state of our knowledge, and are intended to describe the product with regard to the requirements of safety. The data should not be taken to imply any guarantee of a particular or general specification. It is the responsibility of the user of the product to ensure to his satisfaction that the product is suitable for the intended purpose and method to use. We do not accept responsibility for any harm caused by the use of this information. Furthermore, nothing contained herein shall be construed as a recommendation to use any product in conflict with existing patents covering any material or its use. In all cases, our general conditions of sale apply.

### **Update**

Version 1: 23/03/2018  
Version 2: 14/11/2018  
Version 3: 20/03/2020  
Version 4: 19/07/2021  
Version 5: 02/05/2022  
Version 6: 17/06/2022  
Version 7: 01/09/2022  
Version 8: 01/07/2024  
Version 9: 19/05/2025